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Introduction: The chart below outlines the content of the grade-by-grade, month-by-month structure of this curriculum guide.

Grade:	Standard	Benchmarks	Essential	Vocabulary	Assessment	Reporting
			Learning			
			Expectations			
August/September	Content	Benchmarks	define our expectat	ions for	Suggested assessment	Suggested
	standards	students' kn	owledge and skills al	ong a	strategies will appear	reporting
October	indicate what be all students	The second second	ntal continuum in eac	The second secon	in each grade level and	tools and
	should know.		continuum is focused		month table.	approaches
	understand,	points – the	end of grade 4, the	end of grade	H ⊢	will appear
November	and be able to	8, and upon	graduation (grade 12	2).	Comprehensive	in each
	do.				systems of	grade level
December	Individual	The Essentia	al Learning Expectation	ons are –	assessment, formative	and month
December	Library-	specific stat	ements of what all st	udents should	to summative, include	table.
	Information	know and b	e able to do at a grad	e level. They	formal and informal	
January	Literacy	describe a le	earning progression le	eading to a	assessment as well as	Ti
	Standards 1-5	Benchmark.			student generated	11 1
F-b	ل are	<del>                                     </del>		L-	evidence of learning.	<del>   </del>
February	emphasized on	1	Vocabulary column		i i	11 11
	a month-by-	1.1	deas that a teacher a		1:	11
March	month, grade-	should unde	erstand in relation to	the ideas	<del> </del>	#
	by-grade basis.	contained ir	the benchmarks and	d ELE !	1:	11 1
	i i	i statements.	For Information Lite	racy/Library	i i	11 1
April	Γ, ;	Media Conte	ent Standards 1, 2, ai	nd 3 the terms		T: 1
	i i	! "plan," "do,	" and "review" refer	to the	11	11 :
	Li i	Super3™ ste	eps. Beginning in Grad	de 3, the	<b>├</b> ¦	<del>니</del> 니
May/June		! Big6™ steps	are introduced in the	e Vocabulary	11	1 i
	[[		t <u>www.big6.com</u> for			
		<del></del>			1	

# Correlation to the Montana Common Core Standards for English Language Arts/Literacy and Mathematical Practices

Each Information Literacy/Library Media Standard is correlated to the College and Career Readiness Anchor Standards for English Language Arts and the Mathematical practices

#### **Performance Rubrics**

The rubrics contained in this framework establish a set of criteria describing students' performance, along a continuum from novice to advanced, that define how well they apply the knowledge and skills contained in the Essential Learning Expectations (ELE). In order to use these generic, analytical rubrics the teacher-librarian or classroom teacher must revise and customize them for specific tasks and assignments. Performance levels define the achievement in broad, general terms and address the question: "How well does a student apply the skills and processes expressed in the standards?" Novice level denotes that the student is beginning to attain the prerequisite knowledge and skills that are fundamental for work at each benchmark. Nearing Proficiency denotes that the student has partial mastery or prerequisite knowledge and skills fundamental for proficient work at each benchmark. "Proficient" denotes solid academic performance for each benchmark. Students reaching this level have demonstrated competency over challenging subject matter, including subject-matter knowledge, application of such knowledge to real-world situations, and analytical skills appropriate to the subject matter. "Advanced" denotes superior performance.



# Library-Information Literacy Curriculum Guide Grade-by-Month View

Grade: 8

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Month	Standard	Benchmarks	Essential Learning Expectations	Vocabulary	Assessment	Reporting
August/September	Overview: Standards 1-5		n/a		Pre-test and formative assessments	assignment grades feedback forms self-assessments test reports



			Essential			
Month	Standard	Benchmarks	Learning	Vocabulary	Assessment	Reporting
		2011011111011110	Expectations	T C Calb and 1	7.000001110110	
	Standard 1:	Benchmark 1, End	1.A. formulate	Benchmark 1	Formative	assignment grades
	Students must	of Grade 8: Define	steps needed to	paraphrase,		feedback forms
		the problem.	solve the problem	keywords, generate		self-assessments
	identify the task	Benchmark 2, End	or task	Benchmark 2,		
	and determine	of Grade 8:	1.B. paraphrase	print sources,		
	the resources	Identify the types of	task	nonprint sources,		
	needed.	information	1.C. broaden or	primary source,		
		needed.	narrow topic	secondary source,		
		Benchmark 3, End	<b>1.D.</b> identify or	task definition		
		of Grade 8: Evaluate and select	generate keywords	Benchmark 3, validity, authority,		
		appropriate	<b>1.E.</b> confirm usefulness of	bias, point of view,		
		resources.	keywords	appropriately		
			<b>1.F.</b> identify, list	current, location		
			and interpret	and access		
			information			
			requirements of the			
			task			
			2.A. identify a			
			variety of resources			
			(e.g., encyclopedias,			
			maps, atlas,			
			almanacs,			
			periodicals,			
			newspapers, Web			
			sites, nonfiction			
			books, personal interviews, audio			
			files, video files,			
			community			
			resources,			
			databases)			
			2.B. use primary			
			and secondary			
			sources			
			<b>2.C.</b> identify and defend usefulness			
			of resources			
			selected			
			<b>3.A.</b> identify			
			appropriately			
			current resources			
			<b>3.B.</b> identify point			
			of view and bias in resources			
			<b>3.C.</b> appraise			
			validity, authority			
_			and usefulness of			
эqс			resources			
October			<b>3.D.</b> select the best			
U			resources			



English Language Arts/Literacy

# **Grade Level Standards for Writing** Research to Build and Present Knowledge

- 7. Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration. Include sources and/or topics by and about American Indians.
- 8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.

# **Grade Level Standards for Speaking and Listening Comprehension and Collaboration**

- 1. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 8 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.
- 1a. Come to discussions prepared, having read or researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion.
- 1b. Follow rules for collegial discussions and decisionmaking, track progress toward specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed.
- 1c. Pose questions that connect the ideas of several speakers and respond to others' questions and comments with relevant evidence, observations, and ideas.
- 1d. Acknowledge new information expressed by others, and, when warranted, qualify or justify their own views in light of the evidence presented.
- 2. Analyze the purpose of information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and evaluate the motives (e.g., social, commercial, political) behind its presentation.
- 3. Delineate a speaker's argument and specific claims, evaluating the soundness of the reasoning and relevance and sufficiency of the evidence and identifying when irrelevant evidence is introduced.

- 1. Makes sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
- 3. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
- 4. Model with mathematics.



# Standard 1 Performance Rubrics

Criteria (Benchmark)	Novice	Nearing Proficiency	Proficient	Advanced
1. Define the problem.	A. struggle to formulate questions or steps needed to solve the problem or task B. struggle to paraphrase task C. struggle to broaden or narrow topic D. list minimal keywords related to the topic E. struggle to recognize the usefulness of selected keywords F. identify, list, and interpret minimal information required to complete the task	A. formulate basic questions or steps needed to solve the problem or task B. paraphrase task with limited skill C. broaden or narrow topic with limited skill D. list some keywords related to the topic E. occasionally recognize the usefulness of selected keywords F. identify, list, and interpret some information required to complete the task	A. formulate steps needed to solve the problem or task B. paraphrase task C. broaden or narrow topic D. identify or generate keywords E. confirm usefulness of keywords F. identify, list and interpret information requirements of the task	A. formulate complex questions or steps needed to solve the problem or task B. concisely paraphrase task C. recognizes the need to broaden or narrow topic adeptly D. list a comprehensive set of keywords related to the topic E. clearly explain the usefulness of keywords F. identify, list and interpret extensive information requirements of the task
2. Identify information resources needed.	A. rely on a single source B. rely mostly on secondary sources C. select resources with limited usefulness	A. use limited range of resources B. sometimes distinguish differences between primary and secondary sources C. identify usefulness of resources selected with limited detail	A. identify a variety of resources B. use primary and secondary sources C. identify and defend usefulness of resources selected	A. identifies and draws complex connections between a variety of resources B. use primary and secondary sources relative to task. C. identifies and defends unique elements of resources needed
3. Evaluate and select appropriate resources.	A. identify appropriately current resources with minimal success B. recognize some language of bias or point of view C. over look validity or authority and usefulness of resources D. rely on a single resource regardless of topic	A. identify appropriately current resources with some errors B. recognize language of bias or point of view C. consider validity or authority for usefulness of resources D. select some useful resources	A. identify appropriately current resources B. identify point of view and bias in resources C. appraise validity, authority and usefulness of resources D. select the best resources	A. select appropriately current resources B. identify multiple points of view and bias in resources C. analyze validity, authority, and usefulness of resources D. select both standard and innovative resources



			Essential			
Month	Standard	Benchmarks	Learning	Vocabulary	Assessment	Reporting
			Expectations	,		
	Standard 2:	Benchmark 1, End	1.A. utilize library	Benchmark 1,	Formative	assignment grades
	Students will	of Grade 8: Locate	facility  1.B. use multiple	subject directory,		feedback forms
	locate sources,	multiple resources	search tools and	Boolean search,		self-assessments
	use information	using search tools.	methods (e.g., library	database, URL, Web		
		Benchmark 2, End	catalog, indexes,	address, link,		
	and present	of Grade 8: Evaluate resources.	search engines, subject directory,	location and access  Benchmark		
	findings.	Benchmark 3, End	Boolean searches,	2point of view,		
		of Grade 8: Locate	digital databases,	validity, relevant,		
		information within	library personnel)  1.C. use a variety of	appropriate, detail,		
		multiple resources.	search techniques to	currency, authority		
		Benchmark 4, End	locate resources	and bias,		
		of Grade 8: Extract	1.D. locate a variety of resources	information seeking		
		information from	<b>2.A.</b> identify point of	strategies		
		multiple resources needed to solve the	view and bias in	Benchmark 3,		
		problem.	resources  2.B. judge usefulness	keyword phrase, skimming, scanning,		
		Benchmark 5, End	of resources (relevant,	subject directory,		
		of Grade 8:	appropriate, detail,	information seeking		
		Organize and	currency, authority and bias)	strategies		
		manage	<b>3.A.</b> use glossaries and	Benchmark 4,		
		information to	tables of contents	read with purpose,		
		solve the problem.	<b>3.B.</b> use multiple print and digital indexes	summarizing,		
		Benchmark 6, End of Grade 8: Create a	3.C. identify keywords	paraphrasing, direct quotation, use of		
		product that	and keyword phrases	information		
		presents findings.	by skimming and scanning	Benchmark 5,		
			<b>3.D.</b> record location of	outlines, graphic		
			information within	organizers,		
			resources <b>4.A</b> . read, listen and	synthesis		
			view with purpose to	Benchmark		
			accomplish task	<b>6</b> synthesis		
			<b>4.B</b> . recognize the differences between			
			summarizing,			
			paraphrasing and/or			
			direct quotation  4.C. cite each source			
			4.D. transfer			
			information through			
			note taking <b>5.A.</b> arrange			
			information into a			
			format to accomplish			
			the task (e.g., outlines, graphic organizers)			
			6.A. design and create			
			an original product			
			appropriate to task criteria and audience			
er			<b>6.B.</b> present final			
m m m			product in appropriate			
November			format			
ž						
<u> </u>		1	I		I	<u> </u>



English Language Arts/Literacy

# <u>Grade Level Standards for Reading</u> Key Ideas and Details

- **1.** Cite the textual evidence that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
- 2. Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including its relationship to supporting ideas; provide an objective summary of the text.
- 3. Analyze how a text makes connections among and distinctions between individuals, ideas, cultures, or events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories).

#### **Craft and Structure**

- 4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.
- 5. Analyze in detail the structure of a specific paragraph in a text, including the role of particular sentences in developing and refining a key concept.

#### **Integration of Knowledge and Ideas**

- **7.** Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of using different mediums (e.g., print or digital text, video, multimedia) to present a particular topic or idea.
- 8. Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; recognize when irrelevant evidence is introduced.
- 9. Include texts by and about American Indians. Analyze a case in which two or more texts provide conflicting information on the same topic and identify where the texts disagree on matters of fact or interpretation. Include texts by and about American Indians.

# **Grade Level Standards for Writing**

# **Text Types and Purposes**

- 1. Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.
- 1a. Introduce claim(s), acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.
- 1b. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources including oral sources, and demonstrating an understanding of the

- 1. Makes sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
- 2. Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
- 3. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
- 5. Use appropriate tools strategically.
- 6. Attend to precision.



English Language Arts/Literacy	Mathematical Practices
topic or text.	
1c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion	
and clarify the relationships among claim(s),	
counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.	
1d. Establish and maintain a formal style.	
1e. Provide a concluding statement or section that	
follows from and supports the argument presented.	
2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a	
topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information	
through the selection, organization, and analysis of	
relevant content.	
2a. Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to	
follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information into	
broader categories; include formatting (e.g., headings),	
graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when	
useful to aiding comprehension.	
2b. Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts,	
definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other	
information and examples.	
2c. Use appropriate and varied transitions to create	
cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and	
concepts.	
2d. Use precise language and domain-specific	
vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.	
2e. Establish and maintain a formal style.	
2f. Provide a concluding statement or section that	
follows from and supports the information or	
explanation presented.	
3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined	
experiences or events using effective technique,	
relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event	
sequences.	
3a. Engage and orient the reader by establishing a	
context and point of view and introducing a narrator	
and/or characters; organize an event sequence that	
unfolds naturally and logically.	
3b. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing,	
description, and reflection, to develop experiences,	
events, and/or characters.	
3c. Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and	
clauses to convey sequence, signal shifts from one time	
frame or setting to another, and show the relationships	
among experiences and events.	
3d. Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive	
details, and sensory language to capture the action and	
convey experiences and events.	
3e. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects	
on the narrated experiences or events.	
Production and Distribution of Writing	
4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the	



English Language Arts/Literacy	Mathematical Practices
development, organization, and style are appropriate to	
task, purpose, and audience.(Grade-specific	
expectations for writing types are defined in standards	
1-3above.)	
Research to Build and Present Knowledge	
9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to	
support analysis, reflection, and research.	
9a. Apply grade 8 Reading standards to literature (e.g.,	
"Analyze how a modern work of fiction draws on	
themes, patterns of events, or character types from	
myths, traditional stories, or religious works such as the	
Bible, including describing how the material is rendered	
new").	
9b. Apply grade 8 Reading standards to literary	
nonfiction (e.g., "Delineate and evaluate the argument	
and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the	
reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and	
sufficient; recognize when irrelevant evidence is	
introduced").	
Range of Writing	
10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time	
frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of	
discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.	
discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and addiences.	
Grade Level Standards for Speaking and Listening	
Comprehension and Collaboration	
1. Engage effectively in a range of collaborative	
discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led)	
with diverse partners on grade 8 topics, texts, and	
issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their	
own clearly.	
1a. Come to discussions prepared, having read or	
researched material under study; explicitly draw on that	
preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text,	
or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion.	
1b. Follow rules for collegial discussions and decision-	
making, track progress toward specific goals and	
deadlines, and define individual roles as needed.	
1c. Pose questions that connect the ideas of several	
speakers and respond to others' questions and	
comments with relevant evidence, observations, and ideas.	
1deas.  1d. Acknowledge new information expressed by others,	
and, when warranted, qualify or justify their own views	
in light of the evidence presented.	
2. Analyze the purpose of information presented in	
diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively,	
orally) and evaluate the motives (e.g., social,	
commercial, political) behind its presentation.	
commercial, ponticul, bernila its presentation.	



English Language Arts/Literacy	Mathematical Practices
Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas	
4. Present claims and findings, emphasizing salient	
points in a focused, coherent manner with relevant	
evidence, sound valid reasoning, and well-chosen	
details; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume,	
and clear pronunciation.	
5. Integrate multimedia and visual displays into	
presentations to clarify information, strengthen claims	
and evidence, and add interest.	
<b>6.</b> Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks,	
demonstrating command of formal English when	
indicated or appropriate. (See grade 8 Language	
standards 1 and 3 for specific expectations.)	



# Standard 2 Performance Rubrics

Criteria (Benchmark)	Novice	Nearing Proficiency	Proficient	Advanced
Locate multiple     resources using search     tools.	A. identify distinct areas of library/media facility B. have a general sense of available search tools C. use one preferred search technique D. return to previously used resource	A. identifies and attempts to utilize library/media facility B. use multiple search tools with mistakes C. identify a variety of search techniques D. locate limited number of resources	A. utilize library/media facility B. use multiple search tools and methods (e.g., library catalog, indexes, search engines, subject directory, Boolean searches, digital databases, library personnel) C. use a variety of search techniques to locate resources D. locate a variety of resources	A. utilize library/media facility competently B. independently use multiple search tools and methods C. apply search techniques to follow appropriate leads to additional sources D. use advanced search tools to locate inter-related resources
2. Evaluate resources.	A. be influenced by point of view and bias in resources as if fact B. use a single method to evaluate the usefulness of resources (currency or appropriate or detail, etc.)	A. identify the differences between point of view, bias, and fact B. attempt to evaluate the usefulness of a resource with multiple criteria (relevant, appropriate, detail, currency, authority and bias)	A. identify point of view and bias in resources B. judge usefulness of resources (relevant, appropriate, detail, currency, authority and bias)	A. can recount and evaluate statements of bias and point of view B. Consistently reevaluate usefulness of resources (relevant, appropriate, detail, currency, authority and bias)
3. Locate information within multiple resources.	A. use glossaries and tables of contents without complete understanding B. locate print and digital indexes C. rely on single reading strategy to locate information D. rely on structured format to record location of information	A. use glossaries and tables of contents with some errors B. use multiple print and digital indexes with inaccuracies C. demonstrate general understanding of locating keywords and keyword phrases D. independently record location of information with limited detail	A. use glossaries and tables of contents B. use multiple print and digital indexes C. identify keywords and keyword phrases by skimming and scanning D. record location of information within resources	A. use glossaries and tables of contents B. demonstrate understanding of index organization to locate information C. applies skimming and scanning to an entire resource (text, graphics, charts, etc.) to locate information D. apply systematic organization skills to record location of information
4. Extract information from multiple resources needed to solve the problem.	A. rely on single mode (read or listen or view) to extract information from resources provided B. rely on one method of restating information. C. cite each source in a simplified, structured template D. transfer incomplete information with inconsistent note-taking	A. develop awareness of multiple modes to extract information from available resources B. accurately restates information according to a model C. cite each source with errors D. transfer information through note-taking with mistakes	A. read, listen and view with purpose to accomplish task B. recognize the differences between summarizing, paraphrasing and/or direct quotation C. cite each source D. transfer information through note-taking.	A. reads, listens, and views multiple resources with purpose to accomplish task B. accurately paraphrase and summarize and quote information C. cite each source according to a prescribed format. (MLA, APA, Chicago.) D. organizes information for meaning and accessibility during note-taking
5. Organize and manage information to solve the problem.	A. rely on structured organizational tools	A. will attempt multiple organizational tools but commonly returns to a preferred format	A. arrange information into a format to accomplish the task (e.g., outlines, graphic organizers)	A. constructs original personal organizational tools to manage information
6. Create a product that presents findings.	A. create a product related to task criteria B. struggle to present a final product in appropriate format .	A. design and create an original product B. present a final product with an attempt to follow the appropriate format.	A. design and create an original product appropriate to task criteria and audience B. present final product in appropriate format	A. prefers to create novel product to present findings



Month	Standard	Benchmarks	Essential Learning Expectations	Vocabulary	Assessment	Reporting
December	Standard 3: Students will evaluate the product and learning process.	Benchmark 1, End of Grade 8: Assess the quality and effectiveness of the product.  Benchmark 2, End of Grade 8: Evaluate how the process met the need for information.	1.A. self-evaluate product's strengths and weaknesses according to task criteria 1.B. use guidelines to compare self-evaluation to teacher and peer evaluations 1.C. identify areas for improving the product 2.A. appraise task completion process (e.g., self-regulation, time management, etc.) 2.B. identify areas for improvement in the process	Benchmark 1, evaluation Benchmark 2, self-regulation, time management, peer evaluation, evaluation	Formative	assignment grades feedback forms self-assessments

English Language Arts/Literacy	Mathematical Practices
Grade Level Standards for Writing	1. Makes sense of problems and persevere in solving
Production and Distribution of Writing	them.
5. With some guidance and support from peers and	8. Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.
adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by	
planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new	
approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience	
have been addressed. (Editing for conventions should	
demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up	
to and including grade 8.)	
Range of Writing	
10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for	
research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time	
frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of	
discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.	
Grade Level Standards for Speaking and Listening	
Comprehension and Collaboration	
<b>3.</b> Delineate a speaker's argument and specific claims,	
evaluating the soundness of the reasoning and	
relevance and sufficiency of the evidence and	
identifying when irrelevant evidence is introduced.	



# **Standard 3 Performance Rubrics**

Criteria (Benchmark)	Novice	Nearing Proficiency	Proficient	Advanced
1 Assess the quality and effectiveness of the product.	A. self-evaluate product strengths and weaknesses without regard to task criteria B. trust authority of teacher or peer evaluation of product C have a general sense that product could be improved	A. self-evaluate product's strengths and weaknesses with limited consideration of task criteria B. recognize differences between self-evaluation and teacher/peer evaluations C. recognize differences in quality between products	A. self-evaluate product's strengths and weaknesses according to task criteria B. use guidelines to compare self-evaluation to teacher and peer evaluations C. identify areas for improving the product	A. self-evaluate product's strengths and weaknesses according to task criteria throughout the process B. uses guidelines to debate differences in self-evaluation and teacher/peer evaluations of product C. reflect on ways to improve product in novel situations
2. Evaluate how the process met the need for information.	A. identify elements of task completion process with no future projections for improvement B. identify steps in the process with limited understanding of strengths or weaknesses in a given step	A. present confusing statements or facts about the task completion process B. recognize need for improvement in the process	A. appraise task completion process B. identify areas for improvement in the process	A. self-critique and reflect upon task completion process B. identify areas for improvement in future application of the process



# Library-Information Literacy Curriculum Guide Grade-by-Month View

Grade: 8

March 2013 – Version 3 Working Draft

Month	Standard	Benchmarks	Essential Learning Expectations	Vocabulary	Assessment	Reporting
January	Review and Assessment				Interim: TRAILS	TRAILS report



			Essential			
Month	Standard	Benchmarks	Learning	Vocabulary	Assessment	Reporting
			Expectations			
February and March	Standard 4: Students will use information safely, ethically and legally.	Benchmark 1, End of Grade 8: Legally obtain, store and disseminate text, data, images or sounds.  Benchmark 2, End of Grade 8: Appropriately credits ideas and works of others.  Benchmark 3, End of Grade 8: Participate and collaborate in intellectual and social networks following safe and accepted practices.	Expectations  1.A. explain the concept of intellectual property. 1.B. recognize, identify and apply current laws and policies regarding information use (e.g., plagiarism, copyright, creative commons, fair use, public domain) 2.A. use summarizing, paraphrasing and direct quotes correctly 2.B. use in-text citation (e.g., parenthetical citation) correctly 2.C. produce components for a citation source (e.g., MLA, APA) 2.D. credit the intellectual property of others (e.g., video, music, Web site, audio, digital, artwork, photography, interview, presentations) 2.E. adhere to copyright laws (e.g., fair use, creative commons, plagiarism, public domain) 3.A. use appropriate netiquette in various online settings (e.g., cyber bullying, data vandalism, online manners and protocol) 3.B. follow Acceptable Use Policy (AUP) 3.C. describe safe practices in social network and online settings 3.D. collaborate and participate effectively within a safe, social environment (e.g., group work, public spaces, face to face)	Benchmark 1, plagiarism, copyright, creative commons, fair use, public domain, location and access, use of information Benchmark 2, cite, MLA, APA, in- text citation, parenthetical citation, task definition, use of information, synthesis Benchmark 3, netiquette, cyber bullying, data vandalism, AUP, social network, task definition, use of information, synthesis	Formative	assignment grades feedback forms self-assessments



English Language Arts/Literacy

# Grade Level Standards for Writing Text Types and Purposes

- 1. Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.
- 1a. Introduce claim(s), acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.
- 1b. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources including oral sources, and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.
- 1c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
- 1d. Establish and maintain a formal style.
- 1e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.
- 2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.
- 2a. Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information into broader categories; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
- 2b. Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.
- 2c. Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concents
- 2d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
- 2e. Establish and maintain a formal style.
- 2f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.
- 3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.
- 3a. Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and point of view and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically.
- 3b. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing,

- 1. Makes sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
- 2. Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
- 3. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
- 4. Model with mathematics
- 5. Use appropriate tools strategically.
- 6. Attend to precision.



English Language Arts/Literacy	Mathematical Practices
description, and reflection, to develop experiences,	
events, and/or characters.	
3c. Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and	
clauses to convey sequence, signal shifts from one time	
frame or setting to another, and show the relationships	
among experiences and events.	
3d. Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive	
details, and sensory language to capture the action and	
convey experiences and events.	
3e. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects	
on the narrated experiences or events.	
Production and Distribution of Writing	
4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the	
development, organization, and style are appropriate to	
task, purpose, and audience.(Grade-specific	
expectations for writing types are defined in standards	
1-3above.)	
6. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce	
and publish writing and present the relationships	
between information and ideas efficiently as well as to	
interact and collaborate with others.	
Research to Build and Present Knowledge	
7. Conduct short research projects to answer a question	
(including a self-generated question), drawing on	
several sources and generating additional related,	
focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of	
exploration. Include sources and/or topics by and	
about American Indians.	
8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and	
digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess	
the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote	
or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while	
avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for	
citation.	
Research to Build and Present Knowledge	
9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to	
support analysis, reflection, and research.	
9a. Apply grade 8 Reading standards to literature (e.g.,	
"Analyze how a modern work of fiction draws on	
themes, patterns of events, or character types from	
myths, traditional stories, or religious works such as the	
Bible, including describing how the material is rendered new").	
9b. Apply grade 8 Reading standards to literary	
nonfiction (e.g., "Delineate and evaluate the argument	
and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the	
reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and	
sufficient; recognize when irrelevant evidence is	
introduced").	



# Standard 4 Performance Rubrics

Criteria (Benchmark)	Novice	Nearing Proficiency	Proficient	Advanced
1. Legally obtain, store and disseminate text, data, images or sounds.	A. define property with limited understanding of its application to intellectual material B. demonstrate beginning understanding of current laws and policies regarding information use	A. define intellectual property B. attempt to follow current laws and policies regarding information use	A. explain the concept of intellectual property B. recognize, identify and apply current laws and policies regarding information use	A. apply concept of intellectual property B. develop systems and habits to effectively apply current laws and policies regarding information use
2. Appropriately credits ideas and works of others.	A. rely on one method of restating information B. attempt in-text citation using a single pattern C. cite each source in a simplified, structured template	A. accurately restate information according to a model B. use in-text citation with inaccuracies C. cite each source with errors	A. use summarizing, paraphrasing and direct quotes correctly B. use in-text citation correctly C. produce components for a citation source D. credit the intellectual property of others E. adhere to copyright laws	A. use summarizing, paraphrasing and direct quotes correctly B. use in-text citation correctly C. cite each source according to a prescribed format
3. Participate and collaborate in intellectual and social networks following safe and accepted practices.	A. inconsistently uses appropriate netiquette in various online settings B. identify elements and purpose of an Acceptable Use Policy (AUP) and attempt to follow it C. define terms related to safe practices in social network and online settings D. demonstrate a vague understanding of what makes effective collaboration and a safe social environment	A. recognizes and identifies rules of netiquette in various online settings B. follow Acceptable Use Policy (AUP) with occasional lapses C. describe safe practices in social network and online settings D. describe characteristics of effective collaboration and what makes a safe social environment	A. uses appropriate netiquette in various online settings B. follow Acceptable Use Policy (AUP) C. describe safe practices in social network and online settings D. collaborate and participate effectively within a safe, social environment	A. demonstrate a clear awareness of the risks and responsibilities in using appropriate netiquette in various online settings B. follow acceptable use policy (AUP) C. interpret reasons for safe practices in social network and online settings D. facilitate effective collaboration and participation within a safe, social environment



Month	Standard	Benchmarks	Essential Learning Expectations	Vocabulary	Assessment	Reporting
April	Standard 5: Students must pursue personal interests through literature and other creative expressions.	Benchmark 1, End of Grade 8: Use and respond to a variety of print and digital formats for pleasure and personal growth.  Benchmark 2, End of Grade 8: Use and respond to a variety of genres for pleasure and personal growth.  Benchmark 3, End of Grade 8: Analyze and respond to multiple resources and creative expressions from diverse cultures, including Montana American Indians.  Benchmark 4, End of Grade 8: Access and use libraries and other information environments to find information for personal use and to make connections to resources beyond the school library.	1.A. express and justify areas of interest 1.B. locate and select a variety of resources in interest areas 1.C. experiment with a variety of formats 1.D. express and defend opinion on selected resource 2.A. compare and contrast the characteristics of various genres 2.B. select resources in various genres 2.C. explain and justify preferred genre 3.A. explain how culture impacts creative expression 3.B. recognize an author's cultural bias 3.C. compare and contrast the diversity of cultural expression 4.A. access and use a variety of digital resources 4.B. locate and use community resources (e.g., museums, community members, organizations, government resources) 4.C. access and use interlocal and/or intralocal resources (e.g., public libraries, other school libraries, bookmobile, infomobile, interlibrary loan)	Benchmark 1, task definition, use of information, synthesis Benchmark 2, task definition, use of information, synthesis Benchmark 3, location and access, use of information Benchmark 4, interlocal, digital resources, information seeking strategies, location and access, use of information, synthesis	Formative	assignment grades feedback forms self-assessments



English Language Arts/Literacy

# <u>Grade Level Standards for Reading</u> Craft and Structure

conflicting evidence or viewpoints.

# **6.** Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text including texts by and about American Indians, and analyze how the author acknowledges and responds to

### Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

**10.** By the end of the year, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at the high end of the grades 6–8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.

## **Grade Level Standards for Writing**

#### **Text Types and Purposes**

- 1. Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.
- 1a. Introduce claim(s), acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.
- 1b. Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources including oral sources, and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.
- 1c. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
- 1d. Establish and maintain a formal style.
- 1e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.
- 2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.
- 2a. Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information into broader categories; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
- 2b. Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.
- 2c. Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.
- 2d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
- 2e. Establish and maintain a formal style.
- 2f. Provide a concluding statement or section that

- 1. Makes sense of problems and persevere in solving them.
- 2. Reason abstractly and quantitatively.
- 3. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.
- 4. Model with mathematics
- 5. Use appropriate tools strategically.
- 6. Attend to precision.



English Language Arts/Literacy	Mathematical Practices
follows from and supports the information or	
explanation presented.	
3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined	
experiences or events using effective technique,	
relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event	
sequences.	
3a. Engage and orient the reader by establishing a	
context and point of view and introducing a narrator	
and/or characters; organize an event sequence that	
unfolds naturally and logically.	
3b. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing,	
description, and reflection, to develop experiences,	
events, and/or characters.	
3c. Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and	
clauses to convey sequence, signal shifts from one time	
frame or setting to another, and show the relationships	
among experiences and events.	
3d. Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive	
details, and sensory language to capture the action and	
convey experiences and events.	
3e. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects	
on the narrated experiences or events.	
Production and Distribution of Writing	
4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the	
development, organization, and style are appropriate to	
task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific	
expectations for writing types are defined in standards	
1-3above.)	
Research to Build and Present Knowledge	
7. Conduct short research projects to answer a question	
(including a self-generated question), drawing on	
several sources and generating additional related,	
focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of	
exploration. Include sources and/or topics by and	
about American Indians.	
8. Gather relevant information from multiple print and	
digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess	
the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote	
or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while	
avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for	
citation.	
9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to	
support analysis, reflection, and research.	
9a. Apply grade 8 Reading standards to literature (e.g.,	
"Analyze how a modern work of fiction draws on	
themes, patterns of events, or character types from	
myths, traditional stories, or religious works such as the	
Bible, including describing how the material is rendered	
new").	
9b. Apply grade 8 Reading standards to literary	



English Language Arts/Literacy	Mathematical Practices
nonfiction (e.g., "Delineate and evaluate the argument	
and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the	
reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and	
sufficient; recognize when irrelevant evidence is	
introduced").	
Grade Level Standards for Speaking and Listening	
Comprehension and Collaboration	
<b>3.</b> Delineate a speaker's argument and specific claims,	
evaluating the soundness of the reasoning and	
relevance and sufficiency of the evidence and	
identifying when irrelevant evidence is introduced.	



# Standard 5 Performance Rubrics

Criteria (Benchmark)	Novice	Nearing Proficiency	Proficient	Advanced
1. Use and respond to a variety of print and digital formats for pleasure and personal growth.	A. explore areas of interest B. seek help to identify new resources C. repeatedly select a single resource D. formulate an opinion with influence from others	A. select areas of interest B. independently explore resources with limited success C. experiment with a limited number of formats D. begin to formulate an opinion on selected resources	A. express and justify areas of interest B. locate and select a variety of resources in interest areas C. experiment with a variety of formats D. express and defend opinion on selected resource	A. express and justify areas of interest with examples B. easily correlate a variety of resources with interest areas C. experiment with a variety of formats D. express and defend opinion on selected resources with relevant examples
2. Use and respond to a variety of genres for pleasure and personal growth.	A. identify characteristics of different genres B. repeatedly select a single genre C. explain with limited detail their preferred genre	A. list detailed examples of various genres B. occasionally select material outside their preferred genre C. experiments with opinions regarding various genre	A. compare and contrast the characteristics of various genres B. select resources in various genres C. explain and justify preferred genre	A. draw complex connections between a variety of genres B. select resources in various genres C. engages others to insightful dialogue about various genre
3. Analyze and respond to multiple resources and creative expressions from diverse cultures, including Montana American Indians.	A. explore samples of creative works from diverse cultures B. identify limited differences in cultural perspectives C. identify elements of cultural expression in isolation	A. recognize and respond to elements of creative works from diverse cultures B. define cultural perspective with some examples C. identify and discuss similarities in cultural expression	A. explain how culture impacts creative expression B. recognize an author's cultural perspective C. compare and contrast the diversity of cultural expression	A. analyze and interpret how culture impacts creative expression B. describe and defend an author's cultural perspective C. compare and contrast the diversity of cultural expression from multiple sources
4. Access and use libraries and other information environments to find information for personal use and to make connections to resources beyond the school library.	A. attempt information access from digital resources with limited success B. demonstrate limited awareness of community resources C. seldom access or use interlocal and intralocal resources	A. rely on a single digital resource for task B. consider use of community resources C. sporadically access and use interlocal and intralocal resources	A. access and use a variety of digital resources B. locate and use community resources C. access and use interlocal and/or intralocal resources	A. distinguish best digital resource for task B. select appropriate community resource to complete quest for knowledge C. evaluate usefulness of intralocal and interlocal resources



Month	Standard	Benchmarks	Essential Learning Expectations	Vocabulary	Assessment	Reporting
	Culminating Projects and Assessment				Summative: TRAILS	TRAILS report
May/June						

## **Indian Education for All Resources**

In addition to providing alignment to the Montana Common Core Standards for Mathematical Practices and the English Language Arts and Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, and Technical Subjects, this guide provides a list of suggested Indian Education for All resources. The lists are not exhaustive or complete, but they suggest rich information and context for students to build awareness of the <a href="Essential Understandings Regarding Montana">Essential Understandings Regarding Montana</a> Indians and make connections to Montana's cultural heritage. Complete lists of materials provided to schools by the OPI Indian Education Division can be found on the OPI Web site.

Please visit the OPI Website to access the MCCS/IEFA ELA Grade 8 Companion Guide.

